

STATE OF UTAH  
DIVISION OF WATER QUALITY  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY  
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE  
UTAH POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM  
(UPDES)

In compliance with provisions of the *Utah Water Quality Act, Title 19, Chapter 5, Utah Code Annotated ("UCA") 1953, as amended* (the "Act"),

**WEIR SPECIALTY PUMPS**

is hereby authorized to discharge from its facility located at Salt Lake City, Utah, with the outfall located at latitude 40° 45' 11" and longitude -111° 54'08", to receiving waters named

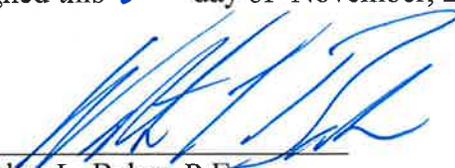
the Jordan River, via the 500 West 750 South storm drain,

in accordance with discharge points, effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth herein.

This permit shall become effective on December 1, 2013.

This permit and the authorization to discharge shall expire at midnight on November 30, 2018.

Signed this 0 day of November, 2013.

  
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Walter L. Baker, P.E.  
Director

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Cover Sheet--Issuance and Expiration Dates</u>	<u>Page No.</u>
I. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS .....	1
A. Definitions.....	1
B. Description of Discharge Point(s) .....	2
C. Narrative Standard.....	3
D. Specific Limitations and Self-monitoring Requirements .....	3
II. MONITORING, RECORDING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS .....	5
A. Representative Sampling.....	5
B. Monitoring Procedures .....	5
C. Penalties for Tampering .....	5
D. Reporting of Monitoring Results.....	5
E. Compliance Schedules .....	5
F. Additional Monitoring by the Permittee.....	5
G. Records Contents.....	6
H. Retention of Records .....	6
I. Twenty-four Hour Notice of Noncompliance Reporting .....	6
J. Other Noncompliance Reporting.....	7
K. Inspection and Entry.....	7
III. COMPLIANCE RESPONSIBILITIES .....	8
A. Duty to Comply .....	8
B. Penalties for Violations of Permit Conditions.....	8
C. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity not a Defense .....	8
D. Duty to Mitigate .....	8
E. Proper Operation and Maintenance .....	8
F. Removed Substances.....	8
G. Bypass of Treatment Facilities .....	8
H. Upset Conditions .....	10
I. Toxic Pollutants.....	10
J. Changes in Discharge of Toxic Substances.....	10
K. Industrial Pretreatment .....	11
IV. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.....	12
A. Planned Changes .....	12
B. Anticipated Noncompliance .....	12
C. Permit Actions.....	12
D. Duty to Reapply.....	12
E. Duty to Provide Information .....	12
F. Other Information.....	12
G. Signatory Requirements .....	12
H. Penalties for Falsification of Reports .....	13
I. Availability of Reports .....	13
J. Oil and Hazardous Substance Liability .....	13
K. Property Rights.....	13
L. Severability.....	14
M. Transfers.....	14
N. State Laws .....	14
O. Water Quality-Reopener Provision .....	14
P. Toxicity Limitation-Reopener Provision.....	15

I. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

A. Definitions.

1. The "7-day (and weekly) average" is the arithmetic average of all samples collected during a consecutive 7-day period or calendar week, whichever is applicable. The 7-day and weekly averages are applicable only to those effluent characteristics for which there are 7-day average effluent limitations. The calendar week which begins on Sunday and ends on Saturday, shall be used for purposes of reporting self-monitoring data on discharge monitoring report forms. Weekly averages shall be calculated for all calendar weeks with Saturdays in the month. If a calendar week overlaps two months (i.e., the Sunday is in one month and the Saturday in the following month), the weekly average calculated for that calendar week shall be included in the data for the month that contains the Saturday.
2. The "30-day (and monthly) average" is the arithmetic average of all samples collected during a consecutive 30-day period or calendar month, whichever is applicable. The calendar month shall be used for purposes of reporting self-monitoring data on discharge monitoring report forms.
3. "Act" means the "Utah Water Quality Act".
4. "Bypass" means the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility.
5. "Composite samples" shall be flow proportioned. The composite sample shall, as a minimum, contain at least four (4) samples collected over the composite sample period. Unless otherwise specified, the time between the collection of the first sample and the last sample shall not be less than six (6) hours nor more than 24 hours. Acceptable methods for preparation of composite samples are as follows:
  - a. Constant time interval between samples, sample volume proportional to flow rate at time of sampling;
  - b. Constant time interval between samples, sample volume proportional to total flow (volume) since last sample. For the first sample, the flow rate at the time the sample was collected may be used;
  - c. Constant sample volume, time interval between samples proportional to flow (i.e., sample taken every "X" gallons of flow); and,
  - d. Continuous collection of sample, with sample collection rate proportional to flow rate.
6. "CWA" means *The Federal Water Pollution Control Act*, as amended, by *The Clean Water Act of 1987*.

**Part I**  
**Permit No. UT0025089**  
**Effluent and Monitoring Requirements**

7. "Daily Maximum" ("Daily Max.") is the maximum value allowable in any single sample or instantaneous measurement.
8. "Daily Minimum" ("Daily Min.") is the minimum value allowable in any single sample or instantaneous measurement.
9. "EPA" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
10. "Flow-weighted composite sample" means a composite sample consisting of a mixture of aliquots collected at a constant time interval, where the volume of each aliquot is proportional to the flow rate of the discharge.
11. A "grab" sample, for monitoring requirements, is defined as a single "dip and take" sample collected at a representative point in the discharge stream.
12. An "instantaneous" measurement, for monitoring requirements, is defined as a single reading, observation, or measurement.
13. "Severe property damage" means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.
14. "Time-weighted composite" means a composite sample consisting of a mixture of equal volume aliquots collected at a constant time interval.
15. "Upset," means an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology-based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventative maintenance, or careless or improper operation.

**B. Description of Discharge Point(s).**

The authorization to discharge provided under this permit is limited to those outfalls specifically designated below as discharge locations. Discharges at any location not authorized under a UPDES permit is a violation of the *Act* and may be subject to penalties under the *Act*. Knowingly discharging from an unauthorized location or failing to report an unauthorized discharge may be subject to criminal penalties as provided under the *Act*.

**Part I**  
**Permit No. UT0025089**  
**Effluent and Monitoring Requirements**

<u>Outfall Number</u>	<u>Location of Discharge Points</u>
001	No Discharge - Wastewater shall be hauled off site and records shall be maintained regarding the wastewater.
002	Sump in the pump test area. latitude 40° 45' 11" and longitude 111° 54' 08"

C. Narrative Standard.

It shall be unlawful, and a violation of this permit, for the permittee to discharge or place any waste or other substance in such a way as will be or may become offensive such as unnatural deposits, floating debris, oil, scum or other nuisances such as color, odor or taste, or cause conditions which produce undesirable aquatic life or which produce objectionable tastes in edible aquatic organisms; or result in concentrations or combinations of substances which produce undesirable physiological responses in desirable resident fish, or other desirable aquatic life, or undesirable human health effects, as determined by bioassay or other tests performed in accordance with standard procedures.

D. Specific Limitations and Self-monitoring Requirements.

1. Effective immediately and lasting the duration of this permit, the permittee is authorized to discharge from Outfall 002. Such discharges shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

Parameter	Effluent Limitations <i>a/</i>			
	Maximum Monthly Avg	Maximum Weekly Avg	Daily Minimum	Daily Maximum
Flow, GPD	NA	NA	NA	NA
TSS, mg/L	25	35	NA	NA
Oil & Grease, mg/L	NA	NA	10	NA
pH, Standard Units	NA	NA	6.5	9.0

NA- Not Applicable

Self-Monitoring and Reporting Requirements <i>a/</i>			
Parameter	Frequency	Sample Type	Units
Total Flow <i>b/ c/</i>	Monthly	Measured	GPD
TSS	Monthly	Grab	mg/L
Oil & Grease	Monthly	Grab	mg/L
pH	Monthly	Grab	mg/L

NA- Not Applicable

*a/* See Definitions, *Part I.A.*, for definition of terms.

**Part I**  
**Permit No. UT0025089**  
**Effluent and Monitoring Requirements**

- b/ Flow measurements of influent/effluent volume shall be made in such a manner that the permittee can affirmatively demonstrate that representative values are being obtained.
- c/ If the rate of discharge is controlled, the rate and duration of discharge shall be reported.
- d/ There shall be no visible sheen or floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts.
- e/ There shall be no discharge of sanitary wastes.

**PART II**  
**Permit No. UT0025089**  
**Monitoring, Recording and Reporting Requirements**

II. MONITORING, RECORDING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Representative Sampling. Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements established under *Part I* shall be collected from the effluent stream prior to discharge into the receiving waters. Samples and measurements shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored discharge. Sludge samples shall be collected at a location representative of the quality of sludge immediately prior to the use-disposal practice.
- B. Monitoring Procedures. Monitoring must be conducted according to test procedures approved under *Utah Administrative Code ("UAC") R317-2-10*, unless other test procedures have been specified in this permit.
- C. Penalties for Tampering. The *Act* provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate, any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this permit shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than six months per violation, or by both.
- D. Reporting of Monitoring Results. Monitoring results obtained during the previous quarter shall be summarized for each quarter and reported on a Discharge Monitoring Report Form (EPA No. 3320-1), post-marked no later than the 28th day of the month following the completed reporting period. The first report is due on December 28, 2013. If no discharge occurs during the reporting period, "no discharge" shall be reported. Legible copies of these, and all other reports required herein, shall be signed and certified in accordance with the requirements of *Signatory Requirements (see Part IV.G)*, and submitted to the Director, Division of Water Quality at the following addresses:
- original to: Department of Environmental Quality  
Division of Water Quality  
PO Box 144870  
Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-4870
- E. Compliance Schedules. Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any Compliance Schedule of this permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date.
- F. Additional Monitoring by the Permittee. If the permittee monitors any parameter more frequently than required by this permit, using test procedures approved under *UAC R317-2-10* or as otherwise specified in this permit, the results of this monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the data submitted in the DMR. Such increased frequency shall also be indicated. Only those parameters required by the permit need to be reported.

**PART II**  
**Permit No. UT0025089**  
**Monitoring, Recording and Reporting Requirements**

- G. Records Contents. Records of monitoring information shall include:
1. The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
  2. The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
  3. The date(s) and time(s) analyses were performed;
  4. The individual(s) who performed the analyses;
  5. The analytical techniques or methods used; and,
  6. The results of such analyses.
- H. Retention of Records. The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit, for a period of at least three years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application. This period may be extended by request of the Executive Secretary at any time. A copy of this UPDES permit must be maintained on site during the duration of activity at the permitted location.
- I. Twenty-four Hour Notice of Noncompliance Reporting.
1. The permittee shall (orally) report any noncompliance which may seriously endanger health or environment as soon as possible, but no later than twenty-four (24) hours from the time the permittee first became aware of circumstances. The report shall be made to the Division of Water Quality, (801) 536-4300, or 24 hour answering service (801) 536-4123.
  2. The following occurrences of noncompliance shall be reported by telephone (801) 536-4123 as soon as possible but no later than 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances:
    - a. Any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment;
    - b. Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit (See *Part III.G, Bypass of Treatment Facilities.*);
    - c. Any upset which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit (See *Part III.H, Upset Conditions.*); or,
    - d. Violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed in the permit.
  3. A written submission shall also be provided within five days of the time that the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain:
    - a. A description of the noncompliance and its cause;
    - b. The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times;

**PART II**  
**Permit No. UT0025089**  
**Monitoring, Recording and Reporting Requirements**

- c. The estimated time noncompliance is expected to continue if it has not been corrected; and,
    - d. Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.
    - e. Steps taken, if any, to mitigate the adverse impacts on the environment and human health during the noncompliance period.
  4. The Executive Secretary may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis if the oral report has been received within 24 hours by the Division of Water Quality, (801) 538-6146.
  5. Reports shall be submitted to the addresses in *Part II.D, Reporting of Monitoring Results*.
- J. Other Noncompliance Reporting. Instances of noncompliance not required to be reported within 24 hours shall be reported at the time that monitoring reports for *Part II.D* are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in *Part II.I.3*.
- K. Inspection and Entry. The permittee shall allow the Executive Secretary, or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:
1. Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of the permit;
  2. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
  3. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and,
  4. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purpose of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the *Act*, any substances or parameters at any location.
  5. The permittee shall make the necessary arrangements with the landowner or leaseholder to obtain permission or clearance, the Executive Secretary, or authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, will be permitted to enter without delay for the purposes of performing their responsibilities.

III. COMPLIANCE RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Duty to Comply. The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. The permittee shall give advance notice to the Executive Secretary of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.
- B. Penalties for Violations of Permit Conditions. The Act provides that any person who violates a permit condition implementing provisions of the Act is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per day of such violation. Any person who willfully or negligently violates permit conditions of the Act is subject to a fine not exceeding \$25,000 per day of violation; Any person convicted under UCA 19-5-115(2) a second time shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$50,000 per day. Except as provided at Part III.G, Bypass of Treatment Facilities and Part III.H, Upset Conditions, nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the permittee of the civil or criminal penalties for noncompliance.
- C. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity not a Defense. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.
- D. Duty to Mitigate. The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.
- E. Proper Operation and Maintenance. The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by a permittee only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.
- F. Removed Substances. Collected screening, grit, solids, sludges, or other pollutants removed in the course of treatment shall be buried or disposed of in such a manner so as to prevent any pollutant from entering any waters of the state or creating a health hazard. Sludge/digester supernatant and filter backwash shall not directly enter either the final effluent or waters of the state by any other direct route.
- G. Bypass of Treatment Facilities.
1. Bypass Not Exceeding Limitations. The permittee may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but only if it also is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to 2. and 3. of this section.
  2. Prohibition of Bypass.

**PART III**  
**Permit No. UT0025089**  
**Compliance Responsibilities**

- a. Bypass is prohibited, and the Executive Secretary may taken enforcement action against a permittee for bypass, unless:
  - (1) Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of human life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
  - (2) There were no feasible alternatives to bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate backup equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgement to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance, and
  - (3) The permittee submitted notices as required under section G.3.
- b. The executive Secretary may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Executive Secretary determines that it will meet the three conditions listed in sections G.2a. (1), (2) and (3).

3. Notice.

- a. Anticipated bypass. Except as provided above in section G.2. and below in section G. 3.b, if the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice, at least ninety days before the date of bypass. The prior notice shall include the following unless otherwise waived by the Executive Secretary:
  - (1) Evaluation of alternative to bypass, including cost-benefit analysis containing an assessment of anticipated resource damages;
  - (2) A specific bypass plan describing the work to be performed including scheduled dates and times. The permittee must notify the Executive Secretary in advance of any changes to the bypass schedule;
  - (3) Description of specific measures to be taken to minimize environmental and public health impacts;
  - (4) A notification plan sufficient to alert all downstream users, the public and others reasonably expected to be impacted by the bypass;
  - (5) A water quality assessment plan to include sufficient monitoring of the receiving water before, during and following the bypass to enable evaluation of public health risks and environmental impacts; and

**PART III**  
**Permit No. UT0025089**  
**Compliance Responsibilities**

- (6) Any additional information requested by the Executive Secretary.
  - b. Emergency Bypass. Where ninety days advance notice is not possible, the permittee must notify the Executive Secretary, and the Director of the Department of Natural Resources, as soon as it becomes aware of the need to bypass and provide to the Executive Secretary the information in section G.3.a.(1) through (6i) to the extent practicable.
  - c. Unanticipated bypass. The permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass to the Executive Secretary as required under Part II.I., Twenty Four Hour Reporting. The permittee shall also immediately notify the Director of the Department of Natural Resources, the public and downstream users and shall implement measures to minimize impacts to public health and environment to the extent practicable.
- H. Upset Conditions.
- 1. Effect of an upset. An upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with technology based permit effluent limitations if the requirements of paragraph 2. of this section are met. Executive Secretary's administrative determination regarding a claim of upset cannot be judiciously challenged by the permittee until such time as an action is initiated for noncompliance.
  - 2. Conditions necessary for a demonstration of upset. A permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
    - a. An upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
    - b. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
    - c. The permittee submitted notice of the upset as required under Part II.I., Twenty-four Hour Notice of Noncompliance Reporting; and,
    - d. The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under Part III.D, Duty to Mitigate.
  - 3. Burden of proof. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.
- I. Toxic Pollutants. The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under Section 307(a) of *The Water Quality Act of 1987* for toxic pollutants within the time provided in the regulations that establish those standards or prohibitions, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.
- J. Changes in Discharge of Toxic Substances. Notification shall be provided to the Executive Secretary as soon as the permittee knows of, or has reason to believe:

**PART III**  
**Permit No. UT0025089**  
**Compliance Responsibilities**

1. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge, on a routine or frequent basis, of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels":
  - a. One hundred micrograms per liter (100 ug/L);
  - b. Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 ug/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 ug/L) for 2,4-dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4, 6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
  - c. Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application in accordance with *UAC R317-8-3.4(7)* or (10); or,
  - d. The level established by the Executive Secretary in accordance with *UAC R317-8-4.2(6)*.
  
2. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge, on a non-routine or infrequent basis, of a toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels":
  - a. Five hundred micrograms per liter (500 ug/L);
  - b. One milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
  - c. Ten (10) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application in accordance with *UAC R317-8-3.4(9)*; or,
  - d. The level established by the Executive Secretary in accordance with *UAC R317-8-4.2(6)*.
  
- K. Industrial Pretreatment. Any wastewaters discharged to the sanitary sewer, either as a direct discharge or as a hauled waste, are subject to Federal, State and local pretreatment regulations. Pursuant to Section 307 of *The Water Quality Act of 1987*, the permittee shall comply with all applicable federal General Pretreatment Regulations promulgated at *40 CFR 403*, the State Pretreatment Requirements at *UAC R317-8-8*, and any specific local discharge limitations developed by the Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW) accepting the wastewaters.

In addition, in accordance with *40 CFR 403.12(p)(1)*, the permittee must notify the POTW, the EPA Regional Waste Management Director, and the State hazardous waste authorities, in writing, if they discharge any substance into a POTW which if otherwise disposed of would be considered a hazardous waste under *40 CFR 261*. This notification must include the name of the hazardous waste, the EPA hazardous waste number, and the type of discharge (continuous or batch).

IV. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Planned Changes. The permittee shall give notice to the Executive Secretary as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility. Notice is required only when the alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants which are not subject to effluent limitations in the permit. In addition, if there are any planned substantial changes to the permittee's existing sludge facilities or their manner of operation or to current sludge management practices of storage and disposal, the permittee shall give notice to the Executive Secretary of any planned changes at least 30 days prior to their implementation.
- B. Anticipated Noncompliance. The permittee shall give advance notice to the Executive Secretary of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.
- C. Permit Actions. This permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition.
- D. Duty to Reapply. If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee shall apply for and obtain a new permit. The application shall be submitted at least 180 days before the expiration date of this permit.
- E. Duty to Provide Information. The permittee shall furnish to the Executive Secretary, within a reasonable time, any information which the Executive Secretary may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Executive Secretary, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.
- F. Other Information. When the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or any report to the Executive Secretary, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.
- G. Signatory Requirements. All applications, reports or information submitted to the Executive Secretary shall be signed and certified.
  - 1. All permit applications shall be signed by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official
  - 2. All reports required by the permit and other information requested by the Executive Secretary shall be signed by a person described above or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:
    - a. The authorization is made in writing by a person described above and submitted to the Executive Secretary, and,

**PART IV**  
**Permit No. UT0025089**  
**General Requirements**

- b. The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility, such as the position of plant manager, superintendent, position of equivalent responsibility, or an individual or position having overall responsibility for environmental matters. (A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position.)
  3. Changes to authorization. If an authorization under paragraph IV.G.2 is no longer accurate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall operation of the facility, a new authorization satisfying the requirements of paragraph IV.G.2 must be submitted to the Executive Secretary prior to or together with any reports, information, or applications to be signed by an authorized representative.
  4. Certification. Any person signing a document under this section shall make the following certification:

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."
- H. Penalties for Falsification of Reports. The *Act* provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000.00 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than six months per violation, or by both.
- I. Availability of Reports. Except for data determined to be confidential under *UAC R317-8-3.2*, all reports prepared in accordance with the terms of this permit shall be available for public inspection at the office of Executive Secretary. As required by the *Act*, permit applications, permits and effluent data shall not be considered confidential
- J. Oil and Hazardous Substance Liability. Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the permittee of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties to which the permittee is or may be subject under the *Act*.
- K. Property Rights. The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property or

any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of federal, state or local laws or regulations.

- L. Severability. The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provisions of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.
- M. Transfers. This permit may be automatically transferred to a new permittee if:
1. The current permittee notifies the Executive Secretary at least 20 days in advance of the proposed transfer date;
  2. The notice includes a written agreement between the existing and new permittees containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between them; and,
  3. The Executive Secretary does not notify the existing permittee and the proposed new permittee of his or her intent to modify, or revoke and reissue the permit. If this notice is not received, the transfer is effective on the date specified in the agreement mentioned in paragraph 2 above.
- N. State or Federal Laws. Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties established pursuant to any applicable state law or regulation under authority preserved by *UCA 19-5-117* and *Section 510* of the *Act* or any applicable Federal or State transportation regulations, such as but not limited to the Department of Transportation regulations.
- O. Water Quality-Reopener Provision. This permit may be reopened and modified (following proper administrative procedures) to include the appropriate effluent limitations and compliance schedule, if necessary, if one or more of the following events occurs:
1. Water Quality Standards for the receiving water(s) to which the permittee discharges are modified in such a manner as to require different effluent limits than contained in this permit.
  2. A final wasteload allocation is developed and approved by the State and/or EPA for incorporation in this permit.
  3. Revisions to the current CWA § 208 areawide treatment management plans or promulgations/revisions to TMDLs (40 CFR 130.7) approved by the EPA and adopted by DWQ which calls for different effluent limitations than contained in this permit.

- P. Toxicity Limitation-Reopener Provision. This permit may be reopened and modified (following proper administrative procedures) to include whole effluent toxicity (WET) testing, a WET limitation, a compliance schedule, a compliance date, additional or modified numerical limitations, or any other conditions related to the control of toxicants if toxicity is detected during the life of this permit.



**FACT SHEET  
STATEMENT OF BASIS  
WEIR SPECIALTY PUMPS  
UPDES PERMIT NO. UT0025089  
RENEWAL PERMIT  
MINOR INDUSTRIAL**

**FACILITY CONTACT**

Gary Pearson  
V.P. of Operations  
(801) 359-8731

Facility Address  
440 West 800 South  
Salt Lake City, Utah

Daniel Child  
Manager Safety and Environmental Affairs  
(801) 359-8731

Mailing Address  
P.O.Box 209  
Salt Lake City, Utah 84110-0209

**DESCRIPTION OF FACILITY**

This facility produces industrial water pumps and has a Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code of 3561 for pumps and pumping equipment. In addition to cutting and machining new parts on site, prefabricated parts are also used in the assembling of the pumps. The completed pumps are tested onsite. The water left in the pumps after the testing is done is the main source of discharge. The facility is located at 440 West 800 South in Salt Lake City, Utah.

**DESCRIPTION OF DISCHARGE**

The "burn table" wastewater was discharged to Outfall 001. The facility will no longer discharge from the burn table. The discharge from the burn table will be hauled off site. The pump test wastewater is discharged through Outfall 002.

The pump discharge sizes vary from about two (2) inches to thirty (30) inches and the pumping capacity varies from about 2,000 gallons per minute to about 75,000 gallons per minute. Current discharges occur after the pumps are tested. While the water from each test is cycled into and out of one of three large holding tanks (10,000; 30,000; 40,000 gallons), the assemblies (piping, valves, connections, etc.) have residual water standing in them which falls to the floor when the assembly is disconnected. Culinary water is used for the testing of the pumps. This water is settled and then discharged via sump pump. This results in discharges varying from 150 gallons to 10,000 gallons per day. Discharges may occur up to five (5) days per week.

The facility has added spill procedures to ensure that if oil is released during a test, absorbents are used to minimize the discharge of oil from the facility.

**RECEIVING WATERS AND STREAM CLASSIFICATION**

Outfall 002 discharges to Salt Lake City’s storm drain system at about 750 South 500 West, thence to the Jordan River and finally into the Great Salt Lake. Piped storm drains are not classified. However, the Jordan River at the discharge point is classified 2B, 3B, and 4, according to *Utah Administrative Code (UAC) R317-2-12,7*:

- Class 2B      -protected for boating, water skiing, and similar uses, excluding recreational bathing (swimming).
  
- Class 3B      -protected for warm water species of game fish and other warm water aquatic life, including the necessary aquatic organisms in their food chain.
  
- Class 4        -protected for agricultural uses including irrigation of crops and stockwatering.

**SUMMARY OF CHANGES FROM PREVIOUS PERMIT**

All effluent limitations for Outfall 002 are the same as those in the previous permit. No discharge will be allowed from Outfall 001.

**BASIS FOR EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS**

The total suspended solids (TSS) and pH limits are based on current Utah Secondary Treatment Standards, *UAC R317-1-3.2*. The oil and grease limit is based on best professional judgment since the water used to test the pumps has the potential to come into contact with oily parts. Wasteload Analysis indicates that these limitations should be sufficiently protective in order to prevent violations of the State water quality standards in the receiving stream.

Based on effluent monitoring data, the permittee is expected to be able to comply with the limitations.

The limitations are the same as those in the previous permit.

Parameter	Effluent Limitations a/			
	Maximum Monthly Avg	Maximum Weekly Avg	Daily Minimum	Daily Maximum
Flow, GPD	NA	NA	NA	NA
TSS, mg/L	25	35	NA	NA
Oil & Grease, mg/L	NA	NA	10	NA
pH, Standard Units	NA	NA	6.5	9.0

NA – Not Applicable

**SELF-MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS**

The following effluent self-monitoring and reporting requirements are based on the *Utah Monitoring, Recording and Reporting Frequency Guidelines* as effective December 1, 1991, and are the same as those in the previous permit. Reports shall be made on Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) forms, and are due 28 days after the end of the monitoring quarter.

Self-Monitoring and Reporting Requirements a/			
Parameter	Frequency	Sample Type	Units
Total Flow b/ c/	Monthly	Measured	GPD
TSS	Monthly	Grab	mg/L
Oil & Grease	Monthly	Grab	mg/L
pH	Monthly	Grab	mg/L

NA – Not Applicable

**STORM WATER REQUIREMENTS**

Independent of any process wastewater discharge, the permittee would still require a UPDES permit for its storm water discharge. The permittee’s storm water will be covered under the Stormwater General Permit UTR000000.

**PERMIT DURATION**

It is recommended that this permit be effective for a period of five (5) years.

**PUBLIC NOTICE**

Began: September 27, 2013

Ended: October 28, 2013

Public Noticed in the Deseret News and the Tribune

There were no comments received during the public notice period.

Drafted by Jennifer Robinson  
Utah Division of Water Quality  
Drafted September 4, 2013

