

Development of Water Quality Standards for Willard Spur

Update on Evaluation of Perry Willard Regional Wastewater Plant Impacts

January 30, 2014

Willard Spur Science Panel



CH2MHILL,



Key Findings

- Outfall ditch did not carry effluent prior to April 2011
- Outfall ditch and irrigation ditch have been carrying irrigation return flows
- Confirmed that Plant will NOT use outfall ditch in future
- Plant will discharge to Tailrace/pasture





Summary of Plant Discharge Operations 2011 - 2012

Period of Operation

April 2011 – July 26, 2012 July 27 – 29, 2012 July 30 – October 15, 2012 October 16, 2012 Oct 18 – December 24, 2012 December 24, 2012 – March 27, 2013 March 27 – July 10, 2013 July 10 – August 22, 2013 August 22 – October 6, 2013 October 6, 2013 - present

Discharge Location

Outfall ditch Willard Bay outlet channel Outfall ditch Private wetlands Willard Bay outlet channel Private wetlands Willard Bay outlet channel Private wetlands Willard Bay outlet channel Private wetlands

Goal for private wetlands is to increase crop yield, reduce soil salinity

Source: personal communication Jeff Hollingsworth





Tailrace Water Samples (2013) MZ-TAILRACE



- Can see signature from Plant in tailrace, drops quickly after flow is stopped
- Need to determine what true load to WS is from tailrace

-TN

CH2MH





Key Findings

TABLE 1 Anticipated Flow Scenarios from Willard Perry Regional Wastewater Treatment Plant

Scenario	Flow Rate	Timing
Low Flow	0.35 MGD	Perry City only (2010)
Medium Flow	0.60 MGD	Perry and Willard (2011)
Ultimate Flow	2.00 MGD	Maximum Capacity (2030)

Note: values taken from DWQ memorandum dated September 30, 2010

TABLE 2

Anticipated Scenarios for Effluent Nutrient Characteristics (mg/L) from Willard Perry Regional Wastewater Treatment Plant

Scenario	ТР	TN	NO3	NH4	Notes
Low Levels with Chemical Removal	2.5	10	8	0.1	Levels based on specifications for the STM-Aerotor™
Medium Levels without Chemical Removal	4.0	20	16	1.0	Levels based upon average from four similar UT Plants
High levels - Conservative	5.0	30	24	3.0	

Note: values taken from DWQ memorandum dated September 30, 2010

 Need to update Plant load estimates Incorporate evaporation losses and uptake losses for true load to WS





Effluent was discharged to pasture from July 10 – August 22 Wet area on Aug 19: 50-60acres

> ACTIVE LOG 003 ACTIVE LOG 001 ACTIVE LOG 006 ACTIVE LOG 005 ACTIVE LOG 012

mg/l TP: 0.4 AC mg/l

8/19/2013 10:28:00 am

West Edge Water Sample from West End MZ-IN-TAILRACEACTIVE LOG 013 0.6 mg/l

TP: .2 mg/

315

ACTIVE LOG 008 ACTIVE LOG 009

ACTIVE LOG 010 ACTIVE LOG 011 N-WB-TAILRACE

Substantial reduction in nutrients observed

OUT-WB-TAILRACE

lat 41.421477° lon -112.072227° elev 4231 ft eve alt 8867 ft 🔘 Imagery Date: 8/11/2011



Google earth

TN: 12.9 mg

TP: 1.3 mg



Key Findings

- Soil samples were collected as planned
- Clear pattern in salinity/sulfate
- Nutrients higher in channels
- Deep core planned for 20cm could only go to 7cm due to hardpan















Imagery Date: 6/4/2013 lat 41.398207° lon -112.159431° elev 4209 ft eye alt 12.92 mi

Path Forward

- Finalize Plant load estimates
- Estimate impact of evapotranspiration on effluent flows
 - Period where effluent could reach Open water

• Estimate impact of channel and pasture uptake

- Derive estimate of true load to Spur
- Under what conditions does the tailrace water reach the Spur's open water?
- Look for extent of impact in data
- Look at mixing zone/dilution for various water levels/loads



Willard Bay

Willard Bay Outlet Channel

New Outfall **Pipeline Alignment**

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Private Wetlands **Phragmites** Patch

FIOW

Plant Outfall Ditch

Irrigation Return Ditches Photo: John Luft/UDWR, July 17, 2012



Willard Spur

Confluence of Ditches

Flow

Unit 5C BRMBR

PWRWWTP